

Refining access to health information using a novel indexing approach.

Patient-population-problem, Exposure-intervention, Comparison, Outcome, Duration, & Results

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Questions

Unstructured = Unanswerable Make them structured ► P Do women > 50 years ► E taking calcium > C compared to women taking nothing > Ohave fewer hip fractures over 5 years > DR NNT of 30

Does PECODR exist in abstracts?

Pilot study

Convenience sample (N = 40)

- 20 research articles (Evidence Based Medicine Synopses)
- 20 corresponding abstracts (PubMed)
- Converted the information into a text file
- Independently by two researchers
- Extract text and allocate to a elements
 - elements made from a word or words,
 - made up from a series of characters (the gold standard denominator)
- 10 rules developed iteratively eg exclusive assignment « 1 extract = 1 element » Analyse the content: Qualitative and Quantitative

Results: PECODR by					
abstr	acts	PECODR	exists		
docs	extr?	in abstra		\square	
19	89>	_			
20	163		<u>}</u>		
18	92	19	120		
20	169 °	20	187		
15	36	18	45		
20	210	20	187		

835

Total

P E C O D R

759

Results Presence of text or text patterns

PECODR elements are present in the majority of abstracts with the exception of Duration (75%)

Patterns of PECODR

P & E = Medical or Drug Terms (thesaurus)
The other element related extracts contain some patterns

Phase II Search Engines

Public and professionals Google index
Librarians and researchers PubMed

 Keywords/MESH/UMLS
 PECODR searches -= that use keywords

None have indexed using PECODR

Phase I Produce a Vocabulary

Identify existing taxonomy for the PECODR elements.

 Where necessary generate new taxonomy
Develop a new controlled vocabulary matching PECODR elements.

Controlled Vocabulary Development for PECODR elements

PECODR element	Taxonomies available	Taxonomies needed
Patient		Description of gender, age groups, ages,
Population		Ethnic groups, socio economic classifications,
Problem	International Classification of Disease (ICD), WHO International Classification of Primary Care (ICPC), ICPC+	
Exposure & Comparison	Drug databases including allied and complimentary therapies.	Non pharmacological exposures not included in CAMS
Outcome	WHO International classification of functioning, disability and health. Geneva: WHO; 2001.	
Duration		Time variables
Results		Epidemiological terms describing results in quantitative studies e.g. absolute and relative risk reduction, and numbers needed to treat (NNT)

Phase II Enhancing the Index

- With their rules, Demner Fushman's group at NLM has been able to recognize around 80% of the PECODR elements in MEDLINE abstracts.
- This will be built on by using natural-language processing (GATE).
- The traditional named entity recognition (vocabulary based) can be coupled with domain taxonomy to recognize domain specific concepts

Phase III Effectiveness

Is PECODR enhanced index more effective than default search engines with respect to three outcomes:

Relevance, Importance and Impact.

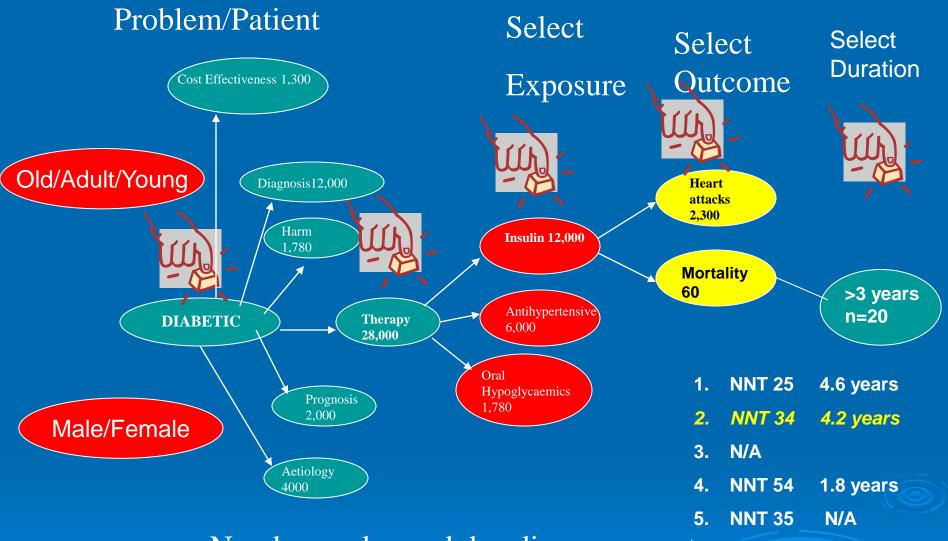
> Questions will be obtained from residents & faculty in our teaching units.

Mixed methods approach

Employ our validated impact assessment tool

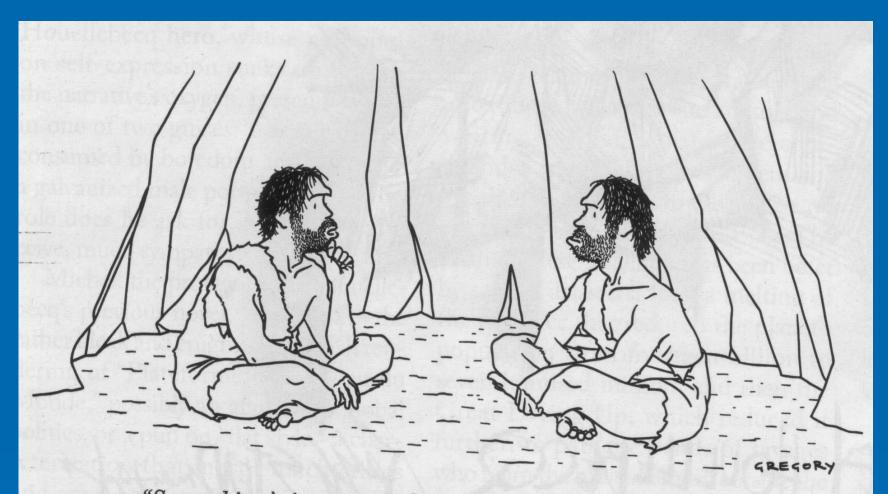
Impact assessmet

wM_rgrad	WM_rgrad
File Zoom Tools Help	File Zoom Tools Help
🚑 IIAM (v1.071) 🛛 🚓 🎢 📢 9:11 🛛 ok	🛃 IIAM (v1.06) 🛛 🗱 🍸 📢 10:09 🛛 ok
What was the impact of this 'item of information' on you or your practice? B-blockers not first line for HTN in elderly Check all that apply: Yes My practice was (will be) changed and improved Image: Second sec	I recalled something Image: Second seco
I was dissatisfied, as there was a 🛛 🔽 📄 🚽	Previous Next
I disagree with this information	



Number under each heading represents articles

Martin Dawes



"Something's just not right—our air is clean, our water is pure, we all get plenty of exercise, everything we eat is organic and free-range, and yet nobody lives past thirty."