Motivating factors for Evidence Based Practice in GP-trainees and their trainers

Nynke van Dijk, Sandra E. Zwolsman, Ellen te Pas, Renate Prenen, Margreet Wieringa-de Waard.

Department of General Practice/ Family Medicine
Academic Medical Center – University of Amsterdam
The Netherlands



Background

- Multiple studies have been performed to assess barriers of residents and their trainers towards EBP^(1, 2).
- Removing barriers will not always lead to an improvement in practice⁽³⁾.
- Motivating factors are required to change practice habits.



Aims

 To assess the motivating factors for EBP in GP-trainees and their trainers.



Methods

- 9 focusgroup sessions at 2 universities
 - GP-trainees (4)
 - Formal trainers (teachers) (2)
 - Clinical trainers (3)
- Purposive sampling (age, gender, place of medical training, clinical experience, research experience and discipline).
- Moderator and observer



Methods

- EBP is integration of best evidence with preferences and experiences of the patient and physician⁽⁴⁾.
- EBP can be considered to be the cornerstone of modern GP-practice
- Question 1: experience with ebp
- Other questions: current practice, motivating factors for the use of EBP, needs for EBP

Results: motivating factors

Training in EBP knowledge and skills

"I think it is great that a resident or other people can do that. Search the university library, assign a weight to a paper, and than comparing studies. Residents are better at that than I am. I would like to work on that Which paper is really usefull"

(Clinical trainer)



Results: motivating factors

Practice

"Now, that he [Clinical trainer] indeed, if you could discuss it together. What he thinks about it, and what I think. If he would also come with something, like hey, look at this, this is interesting, you recently had that patient.... But he doesn't read that, so."

(resident)

Conditions

"Something that is easy accessible, like summary cards for instance. It is easy and you can easily look things up. I personally think that searching in Pubmed, I did have course with PICO etc, but it is somewhat long-winded. If it would be easier I would do it more often".

(resident).

Results: Barriers

- Definition of EBP was unknown/ disputed
- Attitude varied significantly
- Barriers
- Current practice
- Resources
- Learning needs



Limitations

- Dutch situation generalisability
 - Healthcare system
 - Guidelines
- Applicability of results what can we do?
- Focus on motivating factors, also barriers need to be overcome



Conclusions

Motivational factors for EBP can be identified in GP trainees and their clinical trainers and can facilitate EBP in daily GP-practice.



References

- Van Dijk N, Hooft L, Wieringa-de Waard M. Resident barriers towards practicing Evidence-Based Medicine: a systematic review. Acad Med. 2009; in press.
- 2. Zwolsman SE, te Pas E, Wieringa-de Waard M, van Dijk N. Barriers of general practitioners towares practicing Evidence Based Medicine: a systematic review. Submitted.
- 3. Grol R, Grimshaw J. From best evidence to best practice. Lancet 2003;362:1225-30.
- Dawes M, Summerskill W, Glasziou P, Cartabellotta A, Martin J, Hopayian K, Porzsolt F, Burls A, Osborne J. Sicily statement on evidence-based practice. BMC med Educ 2005;5:1.

Acknowledgements

- Dr. Marie-Louise Bartelink
- Dr. Saskia Mol
- Dr. Myra van Zwieten
- Participants

